

## Correlation

1. if  $y_k = \alpha x_k + b$ ,  $k=1, \dots, n$

$$\text{then } \bar{\rho} = \begin{cases} 1 & \alpha > 0 \\ -1 & \alpha < 0 \end{cases}$$

$$k=2, \quad \bar{\rho} \stackrel{?}{=} \frac{(x_1 - \bar{x})(y_1 - \bar{y})}{|\bar{x}_1 - \bar{x}_2| |\bar{y}_1 - \bar{y}_2|}$$

Gaussian case

$(X, Y) \sim N(\mu_X, \mu_Y, \sigma_x^2, \sigma_y^2, \rho) \rightarrow$  joint pdf exists if  $|\rho| < 1$

$$(U, V) \sim N(0, 0, 1, 1, \rho) \Leftrightarrow \mathbb{E} e^{i(t_1 U + t_2 V)} = \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}(t_1^2 + 2\rho t_1 t_2 + t_2^2)\right)$$

$$U = \frac{X - \mu_X}{\sigma_X}, \quad V = \frac{Y - \mu_Y}{\sigma_Y}$$

$$X \sim N(0, 1) \Rightarrow \mathbb{E} e^{it_1 X} = e^{-\frac{t_1^2}{2}}$$

$$\Downarrow \mathbb{E} e^{it_1 X} = e^{\frac{t_1^2}{2}}$$

Thm two r.v.  $X, Y$  are independent  
 $\Leftrightarrow \mathbb{E} e^{i(t_1 X + t_2 Y)} = \mathbb{E} e^{it_1 X} \mathbb{E} e^{it_2 Y} \quad \text{for all } t_1, t_2$

$$\rho = 0 \Rightarrow \mathbb{E} e^{it_1 U + it_2 V} = e^{-\frac{t_1^2}{2}} e^{-\frac{t_2^2}{2}} = \mathbb{E} e^{it_1 U} \mathbb{E} e^{it_2 V}$$

$$\varphi(t_1, t_2) = e^{i(t_1 U + t_2 V)}$$

$$\mathbb{E} UV = \frac{\partial^2 \varphi}{\partial t_1 \partial t_2} \Big|_{t_1=0, t_2=0}$$

$$\varphi(t) = \mathbb{E} e^{itX}$$

$$\varphi'(t) = i \mathbb{E} X e^{itX}$$

$$\varphi'(0) = i \mathbb{E} X$$

$$\mathbb{E}(V|U) = ? \quad p_U$$

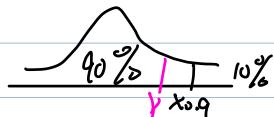
$$\text{try } Z = V - aU \perp U$$

$$\mathbb{E}ZU = \mathbb{E}UV - a\mathbb{E}U^2 = p - a = 0 \Rightarrow p = a$$

$$\text{So } V - pU \perp V \Rightarrow \mathbb{E}(V - pU|U) = \mathbb{E}V - \mathbb{E}U = 0$$

$$\mathbb{E}(V|U) = p \mathbb{E}(U|U) = pU$$

$$\mathbb{E}(Y|X) : \frac{Y - \mu_Y}{\sigma_Y} = p \frac{X - \mu_X}{\sigma_X}$$



know rank of  $X, Y$ , and  $p$  (rank 90%  $x = x_{0.9}$  :  $P(X < x_{0.9}) = 90\%$ )

$$\frac{X - \mu_X}{\sigma_X} = Z_{0.1} \Leftrightarrow X = x_{0.9} \Rightarrow \frac{Y - \mu_Y}{\sigma_Y} = p Z_{0.1} < Z_{0.1}$$

$\uparrow$   
 $0 < p < 1$

ranking of  $Y$  is less than ranking of  $X$   
 $\Leftrightarrow$  regression to the mean

Numbers

$$X \sim 90\% \Leftrightarrow Z_{0.1} = 1.3$$

$$p = 0.6$$

$$Y\text{-value} = 0.6 \cdot 1.3 = 0.8$$

$$\Rightarrow Y\text{-rank} = P(N(0,1) < 0.8) = 0.79$$